



USER'S MANUAL

INFILTREX 300 TRACE ORGANIC SAMPLING SYSTEM

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MODEL IDENTIFICATION

The *INFILTREX 300* is identified by a unique Serial Number. In any correspondence with AXYS Environmental Systems always provide the *INFILTREX 300* Serial Number.

This manual is supplied with, and is compatible with, the *INFILTREX 300* and Watchman 300 serial numbers identified below.

Item	Serial Number/Version
<i>INFILTREX 300</i>	

Location of Serial Numbers/Versions

The serial number for the *INFILTREX 300* is stamped onto the top of aluminum frame.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 DESCRIPTION AND FEATURES

INFILTRIX 300 is a second-generation instrument designed specifically for the collection of samples of trace levels of organic impurities from large volumes of water. In the absence of *INFILTRIX 300*, large volumes of sample water are collected which then require costly laboratory concentration before analysis can be done. *INFILTRIX 300* samplers are designed to remove the particulate and dissolved fractions *in situ*, and to concentrate these during the sample collection process (hence *INFILTRIX*: IN situ FILTRation and EXtraction). Using *INFILTRIX 300* eliminates the need to collect, store, and transport large volumes of water. The *INFILTRIX 300* allows for fast sampling flow rates of up to 2250 mL/minute. The maximum sampling flow rates are determined by the type of resin column/s chosen and the extraction efficiency for a given column size.

INFILTRIX 300 is an operator actuated system requiring monitoring and adjustment through the course of the sampling process. The 'basic system' as supplied, consists of the main sampler, and several essential accessories. The basic system consists of a NEMA enclosure (containing the pump and flow meter), and an electronic control mounted on an aluminium frame. Further descriptions are detailed within this manual.

The concentration process is accomplished by pumping the sample water through an XAD-2 extraction column used to concentrate trace organic contaminants. AXYS Environmental Systems pre-packs XAD-2 into several sizes of extraction columns. Empty columns are available for users to fill with their own choice of materials.

The sample water feed is filtered before passing through the extraction column. This prevents suspended particulate matter from interfering with the extraction process, and allows separation of the dissolved from the suspended phase components. High capacity cartridge filters are used where the sampled water volumes are large, or where water sediment loads are high. Filters and holder components are easily removed for cleaning.

All materials used in the manufacture of the filter and column components have been specifically chosen to be non-contaminating. Also, to assure integrity of the sample, the components have been mechanically designed to be easily and completely cleanable,

1.2 *INFILTRIX 300* SPECIFICATIONS

Features

The *INFILTRIX 300* is a system that includes the following:

1. One *INFILTRIX 300* high volume trace organic sampling system
2. Two 4" SS Cartridge Filter Housings
3. One set of interconnection TFE/SS tubing for the attachment of 75g or 250 g SPE columns
4. One set of manuals.

INFILTREX 300 Specifications

Overall Dimensions:	30" H * 17" W * 36" L	weight: ~110 lbs.
Materials:	All wetted parts in sampling stream, stainless steel or Teflon; all instrument cases NEMA 4 rated	
Sampling Components:	Single or dual TFE resin columns or single SS large volume columns; filter housings (2) stainless steel; filter elements: 4" glass wound with SS core.	
Flow Measurement::	Optically sensed turbine flow meter, with redundant volumetric logs (Watchman, Totalizer/rate meter); magnetic level switch.	
Pumps:	#1- positive displacement, gear type (220VAC) with feed back control from the flowmeter;	
Flow Rates:	300 to 2,250 mL/min through resin columns; Long term average within $\pm 3\%$, while the control loop is operating in its linear range.	
Total Volume:	$\pm 3\%$ at higher settings, $\pm 10\%$ at the 50 ml/min setting.	
Power Supply:	Sampling System: 110 VAC mains, 750 Watts when pumping.	
Control System:	Reliance Electric SP500 3PH Variable Frequency Motor Controller.	
Temperature:	-40 to +40 C (water must be non-freezing).	

The system is designed to be operated directly by an operator.

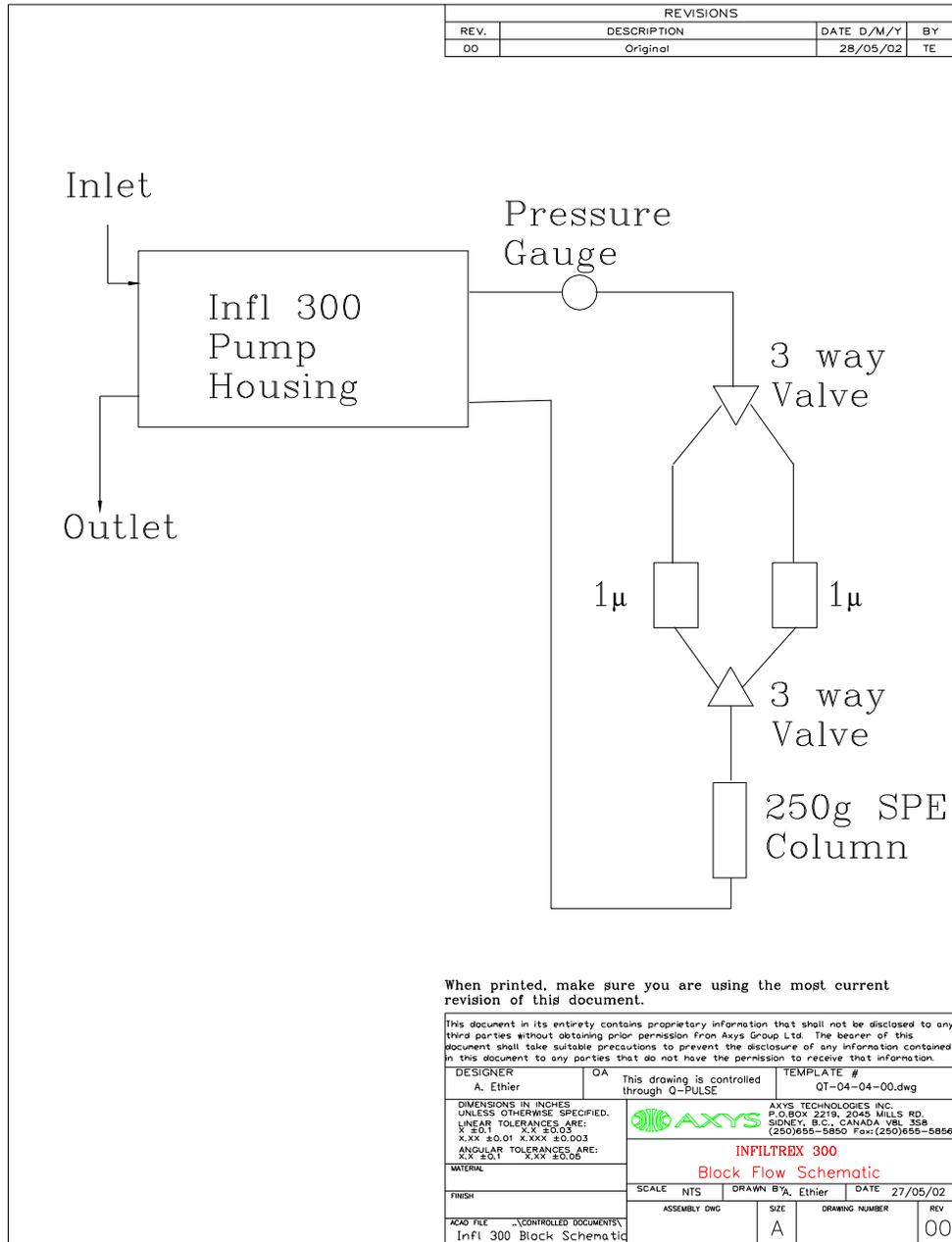
Column Specifications

Physical Dimensions (75 g or 250 g column):	Length:	6 in
	Diameter:	1 in or 2.5 inches
Column Material:	Teflon or SS 316	
Trace Organics I (XAD-2):	Amberlite XAD-2 (A cross-linked polymer of styrene and divinylbenzene synthesised with control of pore size, pore size distribution and surface area. Amberlite XAD-2 is a Trade Mark of Rohm and Haas Co., Philadelphia, PA).	

Weight of Extraction
 Material used in column: 75 grams or 250 grams
 End Mesh Size: 210 micron

System Flow and Volume Specifications

Maximum Sample Rate 1.5 l/min based on SSLV 250 gram column
 Maximum Sample Rate 0.5 l/min based on 75 gram TFE column



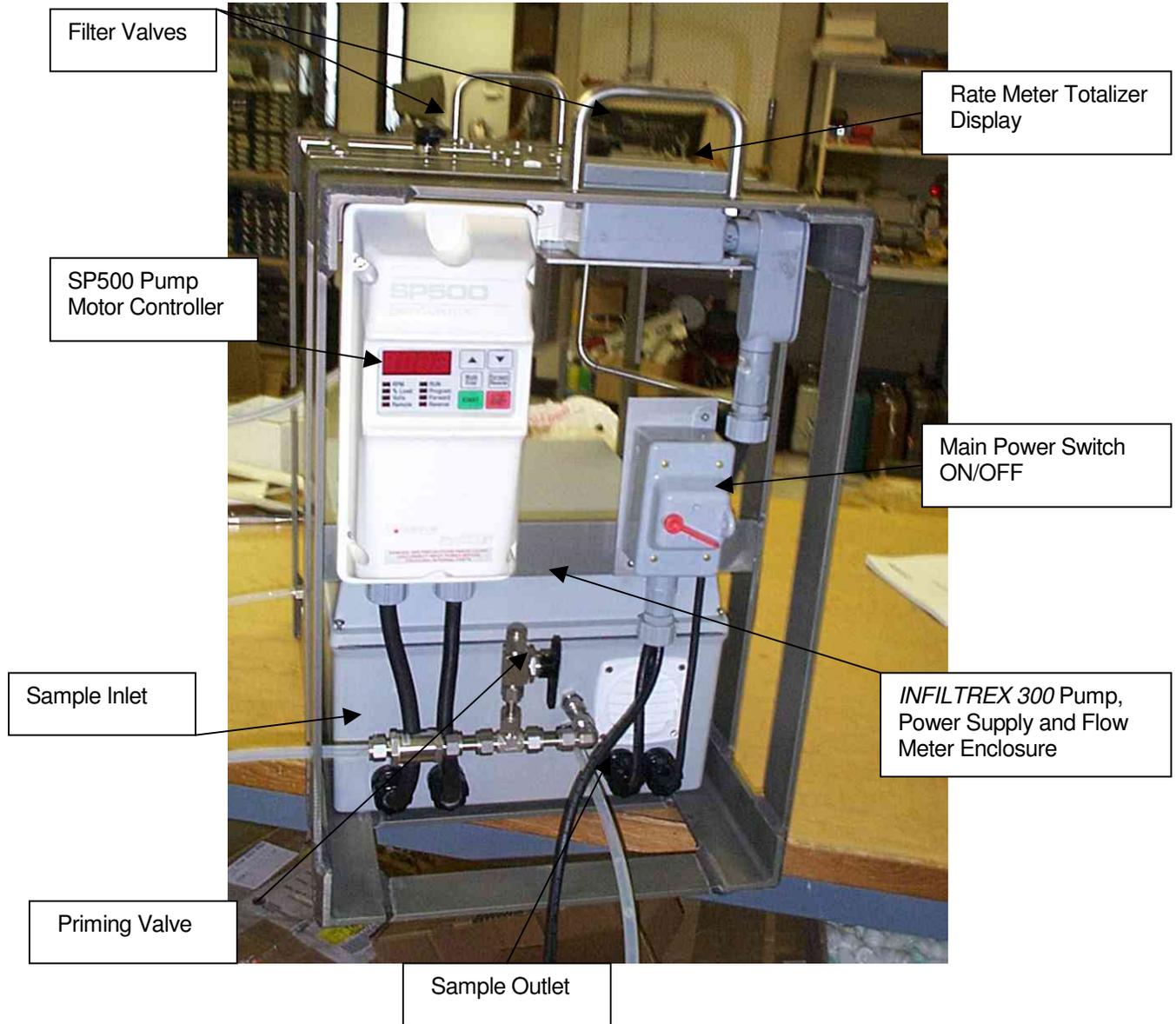


Figure 1. Side View of the *INFILTRIX 300* Sampling System

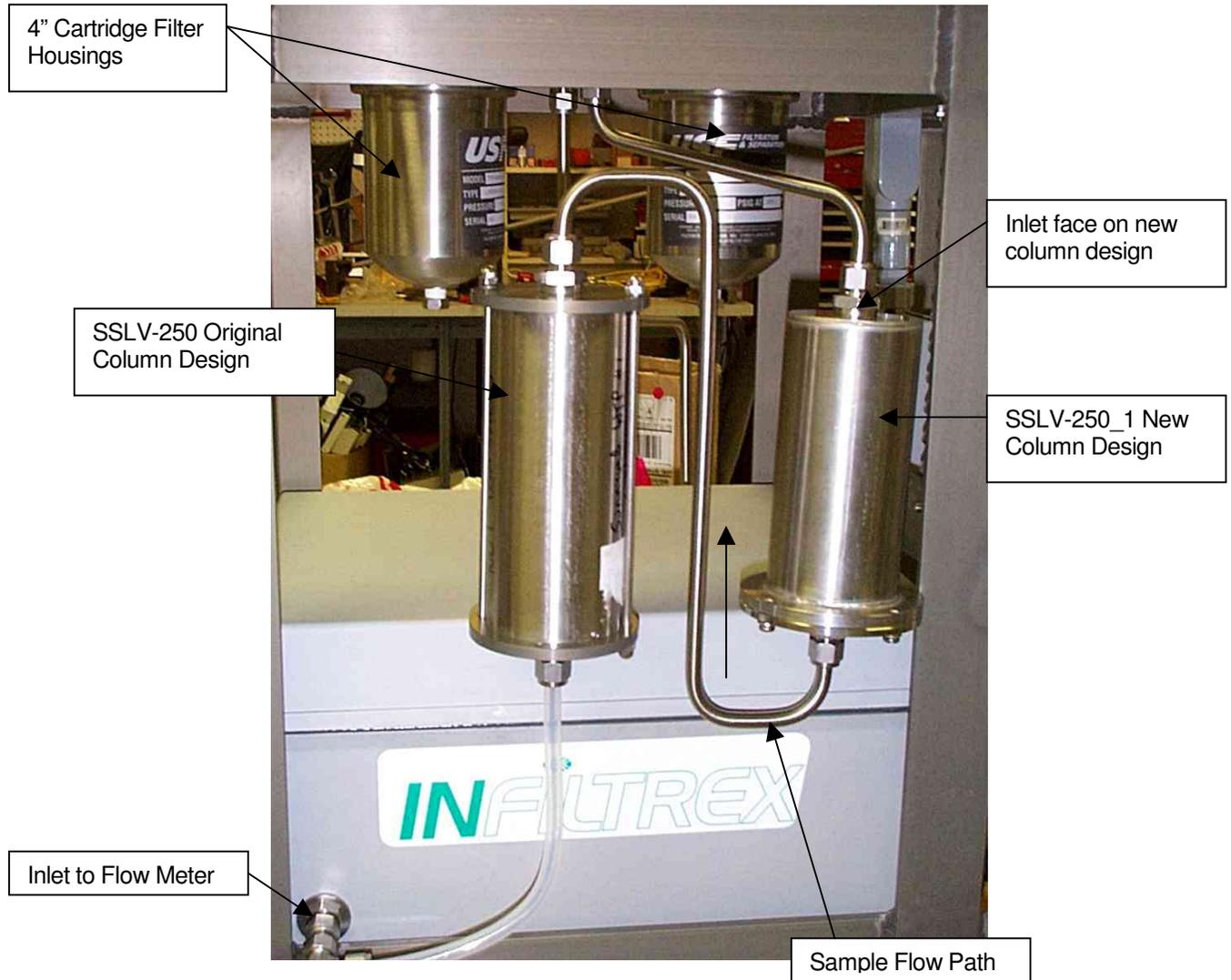


Figure 2. Front View of the *INFILTRIX 300* Sampling System

1.3 BASIC OPERATION

The *INFILTREX 300* water sampler contains a pump whose flow rate can be controlled, a flow accumulator system to measure total volume/rates pumped and a power source (converts 110VAC to 220VAC).

The operator regulates the pump speed by manually adjusting the motor drive controller (SP500) to increase or decrease the motor RPM. The resulting flow rates are monitored on the Rate Meter/Totalizer installed on the upper bracket of the instrument.

The operator must determine the appropriate type of extraction material to use in the column and the volume of sample water to be pumped. The flow rate chosen must be slow enough to allow adequate water-to-extraction material contact to accomplish complete extraction of the desired impurities, and yet fast enough so that an adequate total volume can be sampled in a reasonable length of time.

If preloaded columns are purchased from AXYS Environmental Systems, they will have been pre-cleaned. "Blank Certification" is available at additional cost. If columns are being reused, or re-packed, they must be cleaned to the desired blank level. AXYS Environmental Systems offers a cleaning and/or Blank Certification service, as well as advice on cleaning or the use of columns. The inlet plumbing and filter components must also be similarly cleaned to the operator's standards.

The pump is located in the sampler upstream from the column and filter. It is a positive displacement gear. If the system is being used to sample at different sites, then rigorous cleaning of the pump and filter housing system must be made to the same degree of chemical purity as the column.

Do not pump harsh chemicals (acetone, hexane) which are incompatible with the materials of the plumbing, pump and flow meter. The system can be flushed with methanol to clean all wetted components without fear of damage.

Column and/or filter changes are required between consecutive samples taken in the field. Only the operator can determine the quality of cleaning necessary for the filter and plumbing components between such samples. Additional filter and plumbing components are available from AXYS Environmental Systems so that the operator may install cleaned sets to allow simple changes in the field.

1.4 CARE OF INFILTREX 300

INFILTREX 300 is constructed of aluminium, stainless steel, and various plastics - materials that need little care. As with any instrument, *INFILTREX 300* should be protected from shock and abrasion during storage, transportation, and use.

Never allow sand, dust, dirt or pieces of column resin to enter the *INFILTREX 300* plumbing itself. The clearances in the gear pump and flow meter are very small and will be jammed or damaged by dirt. To reduce this possibility, a 140 micron screen element is

mounted on the inlet pipe of the *INFILTREX 300*. Always use the in-line filter when pumping any fluid through the sampler. This filter should be removed and the screen carefully back-flushed (or replaced) regularly to keep it clean. Do not allow matter to enter the inlet pipe while this screen filter is off. There is no screen on the outlet and although it is far more difficult for particles to enter there, it should be similarly respected.

INFILTREX 300 should not be left with stagnant water in its plumbing as organisms will grow quickly and degrade the flow meter performance, often permanently. To allow the system to be cleaned after a sample has been taken, the columns and filter(s) should be removed promptly, capped, checked and stored. A cleaning kit consisting of connecting plumbing is provided to facilitate cleaning. As soon as convenient, clean water should be pumped through the plumbing to flush out the remaining sample water. This should be followed by a 10% solution of methanol to sterilize the system and inhibit organism growth in the little fluid that will inevitably remain. The *INFILTREX 300* should be pumped as dry as possible before being packed away.

If there is a chance of *INFILTREX 300* being stored below freezing, it should have a final rinse with pure methanol before being pumped dry so that any remaining liquid will not freeze.

2.0 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

2.1 XAD-2 COLUMN - INSTALLATION/REMOVAL

When shipped from AXYS Environmental Systems, prepared columns are packed in clean sealed bags. When ready to install, remove the caps from the ends of the column fittings. These caps will be used later to seal the column, so they should be stored in a non-contaminating, sealed package.

It is normal for a small amount of the alcohol or water buffer from the packing process to be released when the end caps are removed. Always visually confirm the integrity of the retaining screen in each end before installing the column on the instrument.

The *INFILTRIX 300* inlet and filter-to-column piping must have been previously cleaned to the operator's satisfaction. Connect the fittings from the *INFILTRIX 300* tubing to the column fittings using the following procedures.

(a) Connection Of The Xad-2 75 G Tfe Column

When ready to install, remove the caps from the ends of the column fittings. Remove only the nut from the end fitting - not the whole column end. The column end, which is also threaded, should not be removed in the field. It should only be removed to change the resin. After all the tubing for the columns and filters are connected and aligned, the tube fitting nuts should all be tightened securely, and checked.

The recommended method of installing and tightening these tube fitting nuts is as follows:

1. Push the tube into the column end fitting hole until it seats.
2. Hold it there and turn the fitting nut onto the threads until finger-tight.
3. Pull back on the tube lightly. It should move roughly a millimetre and stop as the grip inside the fitting nut drops into the groove on the tube.
4. Tighten the fitting nut 3/4 of a turn beyond finger-tight. It is not necessary or advisable to tighten further. Over-tightening will damage the TFE threads of the column union.

(b) Connection Of The Xad-2 250 G SS Column

When all the tubing for the columns and filters are connected and aligned, the tube fitting nuts should all be tightened securely and checked. This large capacity column makes use of SS Swagelok fittings that are less prone to damage. To tighten the fitting nuts, thread on finger-tight, then use a wrench to tighten half a turn more.

NOTE: There are two versions of the SSLV 250g columns. The latest version is a welded unit that is not symmetrical and has only one end cap. This column has a flow path indicated on the end caps, showing the "INLET" and "OUTLET". The operator needs to ensure that the columns are not mounted upside down, otherwise some of the solid phase resin may be lost.

2.2 PARTICULATE FILTERS - INSTALLATION/REMOVAL

Because of the large volumes of water pumped by *INFILTREX 300*, a particulate filter is absolutely necessary for most applications. It is strongly recommended for even the cleanest appearing water. If any particulate matter is allowed to enter the column it will soon coat the extraction material and either plug the flow totally or reduce the material's extraction efficiency.

The only choice of filter type on *INFILTREX 300* is a cartridge-type filter. Cartridge-type filtering elements for organic analysis are wound glass fibre with SS cores, with a nominal 1 micron extraction capability.

The two cartridge filter housings are located on the top of the assembly and are opened by completely loosening the 1" SS nut. This will allow the lower SS housing to be removed in order to access the used 4" cartridge or to load a new filter unit.

NOTE: When reloading filters, the filter bowl will contain water. Care should be taken not to spill particulate-laden water that is required for analysis. The recovered cartridge, plus residual water, should be put into a clean glass jar for analysis.

a) Wound Glass Fibre Cartridge Filter Element (Part Number Filterite G1A4SE)



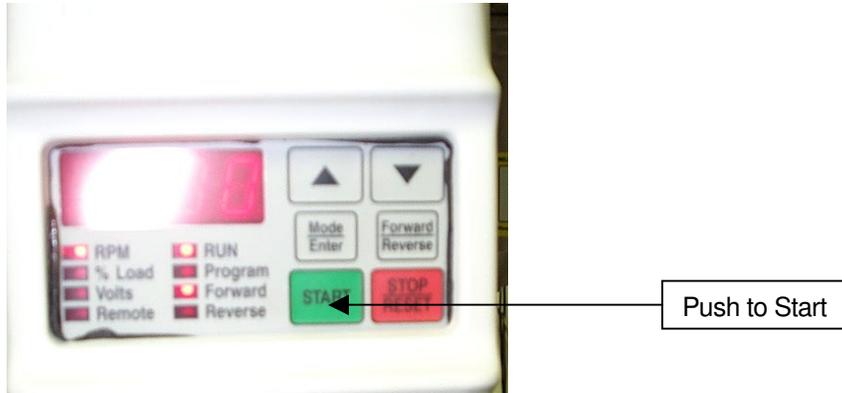
The cartridge element normally recommended for sampling for trace organic compounds is a Heat Purified Glass Fibre Wound element with a 1 micron filter rating. This is made by Filterite. The Filterite product number for this filter is 1A4SE. Other filter materials and pore sizes are available in the same series. Contact Filterite, Timonium, Maryland, USA, Telephone (301) 252-0800. The G1A4SE is also available individually from AXYS Environmental Systems

2.3 INITIATION AND FINAL CHECK

Once the column and filter components have been assembled, and the fittings tightened, the operator initiates the sampling by starting the pump. The pumping sequence is started by:

- turning the main power switch to the "ON" position.
- pressing the "Start" button on the SP500 control unit.
- The speed of the pump is controlled by pressing either the up arrow to increase the RPM or the down arrow to reduce the RPM. The number displayed on the unit is the motor RPM.

Three lights should be active in "Normal" sample mode: RPM, RUN and Forward". To stop a sample, press the "Stop" button on the controller or turn the power off. This control unit has many advanced features that are documented in the SP500AC Drive Installation and Operation Manual also accompanying this system.



Under ideal conditions the *INFILTREX 300* is capable of dry lifting a 3m head of sample water up the inlet line at maximum RPM. However, if the gears are slightly worn, or if there is a fitting not completely sealed, then the dry lift capability is reduced. There is a purge valve upstream of the inlet filter to allow the operator to prime the system plumbing with clean water and fill the inlet piping and pump head prior to starting the sample. In order to get maximum suction to start the pumping in a new location, the RPM may have to be increased to maximum to establish flow, then monitoring the Totalizer/Rate Meter reduce the pump RPM to the desired sample flow rates.

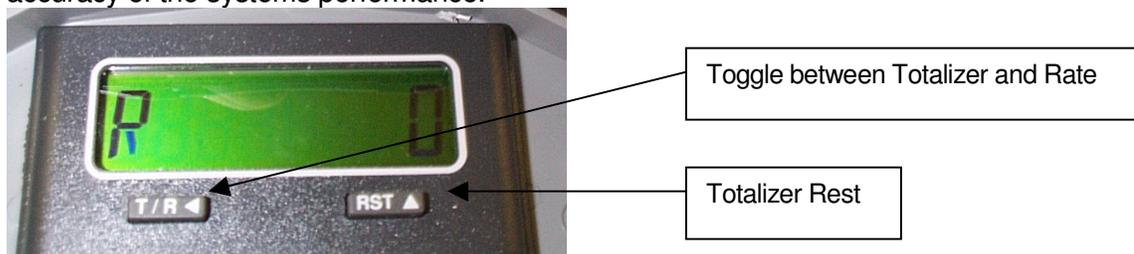
The Totalizer / Rate Meter is situated on the top of the sampler to allow for easy operator access. This unit with display either the accumulated total volume or the instantaneous flow rate. The units and time scale are all programmable features within this module (refer to trouble shooting and service to change the display). The default configuration delivered from Axys is:

- Litres to 0.000
- Flow rate is Litres (0.000) per minute

The operator resets the totalizer window to zero at the start of a sample event by pressing the reset switch. Once the *INFILTREX 300* is pumping, it is under the direct control of the operator who can manually adjust the sample stream flow rates to the desired values. There is a toggle switch on the display to change between the two modes: Totalizer and Rate Meter.

CAUTION: If the reset switch is enabled, care must be taken not to press this switch when in the Totalizer display or the current accumulated value will be reset to zero.

During the course of the sampling period, the operator should periodically check the metered flow rates against a known volume per time in a graduated vessel to ensure the accuracy of the systems performance.



3.0 POST RECOVERY PROCEDURES

3.1 PUMP DRY

There will still be water in the *INFILTRIX 300* plumbing and filter housing cavities. As much water as possible should be pumped out before disassembly. Some of the particulate matter in the filter may not be adhere to the filter due to the jostling of recovery, and may be loose in the water in the filter housing cavity. If it is desired to recover the filter and filtrate for analysis, run the main pump for a time until as much water as possible has been expelled out of the *INFILTRIX 300* plumbing system.

3.2 FILTER REMOVAL

When the *INFILTRIX 300* plumbing is empty, the motor should be stopped before proceeding. If the *INFILTRIX 300* is to be used immediately for another sample, place the filter bowl and O-ring in a clean location until it is reassembled.

If the instrument is to be used immediately for another sample, the filter housing must either be cleaned to the operator's satisfaction or replaced with another clean housing. A clean water rinse of the housing's interior may suffice until the *INFILTRIX 300* is returned from the field when a proper cleaning can be done.

3.3 COLUMN REMOVAL

Loosen and pull back the tube fitting nuts at either end of the column, taking care not to loosen the threaded junction between the column end piece and the column. Remove the column. Reinstall the clean, previously stored caps onto the ends of the column and tighten securely. Put a label (or recheck the label) on the column and the filter before storage.

3.4 PREPARATION FOR STORAGE

INFILTRIX 300 must not be stored with water in its plumbing cavities as organisms may grow in the stagnant water and degrade the flow meter performance, often permanently. This abuse is not covered by warranty. The columns and filters should be removed, capped, and stored promptly after a sample has been taken. As soon as convenient, clean water should be pumped through the plumbing to flush out the remaining sample water. This should be followed by flushing with a 10% solution of methyl alcohol to sterilize the system before being pumped dry. The *INFILTRIX 300* plumbing should be pumped as dry as possible before long term storage. If there is a chance of *INFILTRIX 300* being stored below freezing, it should have a final rinse with pure methanol before being pumped dry so that any remaining liquid will not freeze.

A 140 micron screen is located in a small stainless steel housing on the inlet pipe of the *INFILTRIX 300* to prevent particles from reaching the pump and flow meter. This filter

should be removed and the screen carefully back-flushed, or replaced regularly, to keep it clean. Beware of allowing matter to enter the inlet pipe while this screen filter is off. There is no screen on the outlet and, although it is far more difficult for particles to enter there, it should be similarly respected.

4.0 COLUMNS

4.1 GENERAL



The column design is optimised for use with the *INFILTREX* line of samplers. There are several sizes and types of SPE columns available (50g, 75g, and 250g). The ends of the column each have a screw on end piece, fitted with an internal screen to retain the column contents. The end pieces are in turn threaded to connect to the tube fittings on the *INFILTREX* assembly. When not in use, this thread is covered by a standard screw-on cap fitting to protect the integrity of the contents.

Bulk resins are available from AXYS Environmental Systems, to allow users to repack their own columns or to do laboratory experiments. These resins are cleaned, sorted and are of the same high quality as found in the pre-packed *INFILTREX* columns.

XAD-2 resin may be cleaned and re-used until the blank levels become unacceptably high.

The column may be disassembled for repacking by unscrewing the column end pieces from the column tube, and emptying out the resin. Each end piece has a press fitted screen to retain the resin. Removal of this screen from the end pieces should not be attempted. If the screen is damaged, the column must be returned to AXYS Environmental Systems for refurbishment.

4.2 DEFINITIONS

The parameters used to describe column performance are the Retention Efficiency, the Recovery Efficiency and the Column Efficiency.

The Retention Efficiency of a column is a measure of the ability of the column to extract a trace pollutant from water. It is determined by passing a known amount of the pollutant through a column and determining the amount retained by analysis of the input and output.

$$\text{Retention Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Input} - \text{Output})}{\text{Input}}$$

The Recovery Efficiency is a measure of the effectiveness of the elution process used to recover a trace pollutant from the column. It is determined by eluting the retained pollutant from the column and analyzing the eluate.

$$\text{Recovery Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Amount Recovered})}{(\text{Amount on Column Prior to Elution})}$$

The Column Efficiency is a measure of the overall performance of the column in both extracting a pollutant effectively from water and permitting effective elution from the column with solvent. Column efficiency is determined by obtaining the product of the retention efficiency and the recovery efficiency.

$$\text{Column Efficiency} = (\text{Retention Efficiency}) \times (\text{Recovery Efficiency})$$

The column efficiencies of some elements and compounds, as determined through experimental procedures, are given in the following sections.

4.3 TRACE ORGANICS RESIN XAD-2 COLUMN

(Part Number INAS0407, INAS0500, SSLV-250_1)

4.3.1 General

The Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2™) column is designed for the extraction of non-polar and moderately polar organic compounds from seawater or fresh water. The column is filled with 50 to 250 g of Amberlite XAD-2 macroreticular resin packed in methanol. This is a cross linked polymer of styrene and divinylbenzene synthesised with control of pore size, pore size distribution and surface area. The first 200 to 1000 mL or so of water that passes through the column will flush out the methanol and hence the trace organics in this (very small) initial volume of water may not be fully extracted. This aspect should be considered when the water volume passed through the column is small. The column material is Teflon or Stainless Steel. The end screen is 297 micron size.

NOTE: XAD-2 is a trademark of the Rohm and Haas Co.

4.3.2 Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column Efficiency

A series of experiments determined the efficiencies of the Infiltrix Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column for extracting a selected group of PAHs, PCBs, pesticides and crude oil from filtered distilled and seawater. The results are summarized in Tables 1 to 4.

Calculated recovery efficiencies may exceed 100% when the blank levels and sample concentrations approach the lower limits of detection. Under those conditions experimental errors can be relatively large. Notice that in every case in which the column efficiency appears to exceed 100%, the experimentally determined value is within a standard deviation of 100%. Users are advised to determine the blank levels of each column for the compounds of interest before using the column to concentrate real samples.

Table 1.
PAHs in Distilled Water Experiments:
Retention, Recovery and Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column Efficiency

Compound	Column		
	Retention (%)	Recovery (%)	Efficiency (%)
Fluorene	100 ± 1	85.5 ± 4.6	85.5 ± 4.6
Phenanthrene	100 ± 1	84.3 ± 4.1	84.3 ± 4.1
Anthracene	100 ± 1	84.4 ± 4.0	84.3 ± 4.0
Fluoranthene	99.8 ± 0.1	96.6 ± 5.3	96.4 ± 5.3
Pyrene	99.7 ± 0.1	96.0 ± 4.4	95.7 ± 4.4
Benz9a)anthracene	98.2 ± 0.5	95.4 ± 10.6	93.7 ± 10.4
Chrysene	93.9 ± 1.6	92.6 ± 8.4	86.9 ± 8.0
Benzo(e)pyrene	91.6 ± 1.0	84.6 ± 6.6	77.6 ± 6.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	87.5 ± 3.8	97.7 ± 14.0	85.5 ± 12.8

Table 2
PAHs in Filtered Sea Water Experiments:
Retention, Recovery and Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column Efficiency

Compound	Column		
	Retention (%)	Recovery (%)	Efficiency (%)
Fluorene	100 ± 1	93.8 ± 1.5	93.8 ± 1.5
Phenanthrene	100 ± 1	94.1 ± 0.9	94.1 ± 0.9
Anthracene	99.6 ± 0.1	97.4 ± 3.7	97.0 ± 3.7
Fluoranthene	99.9 ± 0.1	102 ± 6	102 ± 6
Pyrene	99.8 ± 0.1	102 ± 5	102 ± 5
Benz9a)anthracene	98.5 ± 0.1	114 ± 14	112 ± 13
Chrysene	94.7 ± 0.8	134 ± 38	127 ± 36
Benzo(e)pyrene	93.8 ± 1.2	110 ± 19	103 ± 18
Benzo(a)pyrene	91.4 ± 2.0	112 ± 20	102 ± 19

Table 3
PCBs and Pesticides in Distilled Water:
Retention, Recovery and Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column Efficiency

Compound	Column		
	Retention (%)	Recovery (%)	Efficiency (%)
PCB	90.5 ± 1.2	100.5 ± 13.1	91.0 ± 11.9
heptachlor	98.0 ± 0.1	70.7 ± 4.5	69.3 ± 4.4
aldrin	97.6 ± 0.1	77.2 ± 2.4	75.3 ± 2.3
o,p'-DDE	97.6 ± 0.2	85.0 ± 4.5	80.3 ± 4.4
p,p'-DDE	96.2 ± 0.6	96.1 ± 10.8	92.4 ± 10.4
lindane	100 ± 1	89.3 ± 11.9	89.3 ± 11.9
heptachlor epoxide	99.6 ± 0.7	83.0 ± 8.2	82.6 ± 8.2
trans chlordane	98.9 ± 0.1	78.7 ± 8.3	77.8 ± 8.2
endosulfan	100 ± 1	76.3 ± 7.2	76.3 ± 7.2
cis chlordane	98.0 ± 0.1	75.7 ± 3.9	74.2 ± 3.8
dieldrin	100 ± 1	81.8 ± 6.6	81.8 ± 6.6
DDD	100 ± 1	95.2 ± 13.7	95.2 ± 13.7
endrin	100 ± 1	82.2 ± 5.4	82.2 ± 5.4
DDT	95.5 ± 0.4	73.3 ± 5.0	70.0 ± 4.8
methoxychlor	100 ± 1	90.8 ± 9.8	90.8 ± 9.8

Table 4
PCBs and Pesticides in Filtered Sea Water:
Retention, Recovery and Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column Efficiency

Compound	Column		
	Retention (%)	Recovery (%)	Efficiency (%)
PCB	85.8 ± 0.2	71.9 ± 2.1	61.7 ± 1.8
heptachlor	98.9 ± 0.2	107 ± 19	106 ± 19
aldrin	98.0 ± 0.1	91.0 ± 9.4	89.2 ± 9.2
o,p'-DDE	-	-	-
p,p'-DDE	93.9 ± 0.2	89.8 ± 2.6	84.3 ± 2.4
lindane	100 ± 1	102 ± 20	102 ± 20
heptachlor epoxide	100 ± 1	100 ± 5	100 ± 5
trans chlordane	98.1 ± 0.2	101 ± 6	99.3 ± 5.9
endosulfan	100 ± 1	78.9 ± 9.9	78.9 ± 9.9
cis chlordane	98.5 ± 0.1	95.3 ± 4.1	93.9 ± 4.0
dieldrin	100 ± 1	100 ± 6	100 ± 6
DDD	100 ± 1	113 ± 7	113 ± 7
endrin	100 ± 1	100 ± 7	100 ± 7
DDT	95.5 ± 0.6	80.3 ± 11.8	76.7 ± 11.3
methoxychlor	100 ± 1	108 ± 12	108 ± 12

4.4 ELUTION OF TRACE ORGANICS RESIN I (XAD-2) COLUMN

4.4.1 Procedure for the Elution of 50 g Columns

All elution solvents must be pesticide-grade or better to minimize contamination; all glassware and inorganic materials must be free of interfering organics.

Using an elution apparatus the column is first eluted with 200 mL of methanol to remove water. A second fraction is then collected by eluting with 200 mL dichloromethane. The dichloromethane fraction is concentrated by rotary evaporation until only the residual methanol (from the first elution step) remains.

The two fractions are then combined and their ionic strength is increased with 25 mL of a saturated NaCl solution that has been pre-extracted with hexane. The combined fractions are back-extracted into 3 x 100 mL pentane. The pentane extract is then dried over sodium sulphate and concentrated for analysis using standard analytical techniques.

An alternative procedure for eluting dioxins from XAD-2 resin with 15% acetone in hexane has been developed by the Carleton University group.

4.4.2 Procedure for the Elution of 75 and 250 g Columns

All elution solvents must be pesticide-grade or better to minimize contamination; all glassware and inorganic materials must be free of interfering organics.

The resin from the columns is removed and put into a soxhlet extraction apparatus.

4.5 TRACE ORGANICS RESIN I (XAD-2) COLUMN STORAGE

Remove the column and replace the end caps. The column can then be stored for up to three months prior to analysis with no special precautions. Columns should not be frozen, as freezing can break down the extraction material and cause alterations in the blank levels and the column performance.

If a filter has been used and is to be analyzed, it must be handled with solvent-cleaned metal tongs, wrapped in clean aluminum foil, and frozen until analyzed.

4.6 TRACE ORGANICS RESIN I (XAD-2) COLUMN REUSE

All solvents used in cleaning columns and resins should be the pesticide-grade or better.

After elution, the Trace Organics Resin I (XAD-2) Column can be re-used after a second rinse with 200 mL dichloromethane and a final rinse with 200 mL methanol. The columns should be left moist with methanol and not be allowed to dry out, since drying may cause the extraction material to crack. Columns can be cleaned and re-used until the blank

volume determined by the analysis of the rinse solvents becomes unacceptably high. The columns can then be repacked with fresh XAD-2 by the user if laboratory facilities to clean the packed columns are available. The columns may be cleaned on a modified Soxhlet apparatus (Figure 3) with fresh dichloromethane. Alternatively, the column can be returned to AXYS Environmental Systems for repacking or cleaning. Blank certification is available.

STOPCOCK OPERATION

STOPCOCK #1:

 Open for cleaning columns

 Closed for system initialization

STOPCOCK #2:

 Open; limits level in soxhlet chamber from falling below level A

 Closed; allows level to fall to level B

Normally closed

STOPCOCK #3:

 Solvent return blocked; fractionation column connected to soxhlet chamber to prevent vapor loss

 Circulate solvent through columns

 Dump return solvent into solvent pot; block solvent return to soxhlet chamber

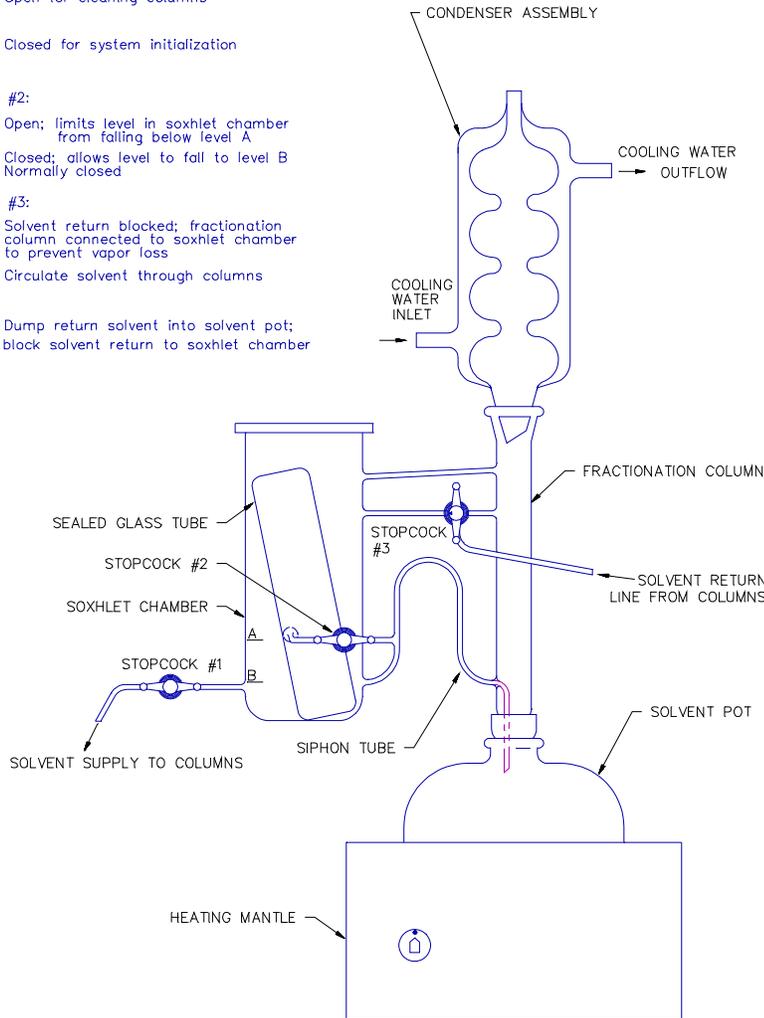


Figure 5. Soxhlet Apparatus for the Cleaning of XAD-2 Resin.

Appendix A

Warranty and Service

WARRANTY

LIMITED WARRANTY

AXYS TECHNOLOGIES INC ("AXYS") warrants that the Equipment shall conform to Specifications and shall remain free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of delivery (the "Warranty Period"); provided, however, that the Equipment is applied, installed, operated and used substantially in accordance with the Specifications.

AXYS shall, at AXYS' expense, replace or repair any Equipment within such warranty period, provided:

AXYS receives written notice of any non-conformance or defect within the Warranty Period;

after AXYS' authorisation, the Equipment is returned to AXYS' factory of origin or to an Authorised AXYS Distributor with all freight charges prepaid; and

AXYS determines the Equipment to have a non-conformance or defect covered under this warranty.

Any replacement Equipment shall be warranted for a further period that expires on the later occurrence of three (3) months from the date of shipment or the expiration of the original warranty period.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

AXYS does not grant any further representations or warranties on the Equipment than as expressly set forth above and expressly disclaims all other warranties, express or implied, including any warranties that the Equipment shall be merchantable, suitable or fit for any purpose other than expressly stated. Notwithstanding any other term of this Agreement, in no event shall AXYS be liable to the Customer, its officers, employees, agents or contractors for any lost or anticipated profits, for any incidental, consequential, exemplary or special damages whether or not AXYS was advised of such claim, or for damages and loss due to personal injury. In any event, AXYS' liability shall not exceed the purchase price of the Equipment.

WARRANTY OF AUTHORITY

AXYS represents and warrants that it has full and complete power and authority, corporate, legal and otherwise, to enter into and do all things required to be performed or done under this Agreement; that no litigation or other proceeding is pending or threatened against it, and that no order or judgement or ruling has been made which might adversely affect AXYS' right to enter into and do all things required to be done under this Agreement.

SERVICE

WARRANTY SERVICE

To obtain service under the warranty during the warranty period:

write, fax, e-mail or call AXYS Environmental Systems to describe precisely and completely the nature of the problem;

carry out any minor adjustments or service as instructed by AXYS technical personnel;

If proper operation is still not achieved, obtain an RMA (Return to Manufacturer Authorisation) number from AXYS and return the instrument, freight prepaid, to the factory or to an authorised Service Centre. The instrument will not be accepted by AXYS without an RMA. The instrument will be repaired and returned free of charge in accordance with the terms of the warranty.

NON-WARRANTY SERVICE

Proceed as for Warranty Service described above. If AXYS personnel can provide assistance by phone, letter, fax, or e-mail they will be pleased to do so at no charge.

WARRANTY OF INFRINGEMENT AND INDEMNIFICATION

AXYS represents and warrants that it owns and/or has legal right to the hardware and software design, all applicable patents and other intellectual and proprietary property, including without limitation all patents, incorporated into, or to be used in connection with the Equipment. AXYS further represents, and warrants that the design, manufacture and sale of the Equipment, and the patents, patent applications and other rights used in connection with the Equipment, do not and will not infringe upon the patents, patent rights, copyrights, trade secrets or other property interests of third parties. All royalties or other charges for any patent, trademark or copyright to be used in connection with the Equipment and/or Services shall be considered as included in the purchase order price.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this Agreement, AXYS shall defend, indemnify and hold the Customer, its affiliates, directors, officers, agents, representatives and employees harmless against any and all suits, proceedings, actions, claims, demands, damages, losses, expenses or liabilities, in which it is claimed, asserted or alleged, whether or not rightfully, that the Equipment, Services, process, material or any part thereof, furnished by AXYS to the Customer, constitutes an infringement of patent, patent application, copyright, trade secret or other property interest of a third party, and AXYS shall pay all damages, expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) and costs awarded against or incurred by the Customer or any third party to which the Customer is responsible in connection therewith. In case the Equipment, process or material or any part thereof is held in such suit action or proceeding to constitute infringement and/or its use is enjoined or restricted, in addition to any other rights and remedies the Customer may have hereunder or at law or equity, AXYS shall, at its own expense, either procure for the Customer an irrevocable, royalty-free, fully paid up license to continue using the Equipment, process or material, or with the Customer's prior written approval, replace the same with substantially equal but non-infringing Equipment or modify the Equipment so it becomes non-infringing, provided that no such replacement or modification shall in any way amend or relieve AXYS or its warranties and guarantees set forth in this Agreement.

The Customer shall give prompt notice to AXYS of any claim, suit or proceeding involving the Customer in which such infringement is alleged or asserted.

As with Warranty Service, if the return of the instrument is necessary, an RMA number must be obtained from AXYS prior to shipping. The instrument must be returned to the Company freight prepaid. Once the instrument is received at the factory, a firm estimate of the repair cost will be provided.

MODEL UPGRADES

Enhancements to the product will be made from time to time. Whenever possible, earlier models of the product may be upgraded at a reasonable cost to provide the user with the new additional features and to extend the useful life of the product. All registered owners will be contacted when new design enhancements are implemented.

Appendix B

Trouble Shooting and Service

Trouble Shooting and Routine Service

1. No water pumped:
 - a. Pump needs priming when dry to achieve more effective head suction.
 - i. Use the bypass line to prime the pump head with “clean” water.
 - ii. Fill the intake line with water to prime the pump, with a reduced overall head lift.
 - iii. Increase the pump RPM to get more suction, once flow is established reduce to sample RPM.
 - b. Head height too high.
 - i. Need to reposition the sampling system closer to the water body to be sampled such that the overall height to draw the sample is less than 3m. If the pumping system cannot be relocated, then consider using an auxiliary submersible pumping system to fill a clean reservoir to draw from.
 - c. Tubing resistance too high.
 - i. Too long of tubing run. If this cannot be reduced, then consider using an auxiliary submersible pumping system to fill a clean reservoir to draw from.
 - ii. Diameter of tubing too small of diameter.
 - d. In line filter plugged.
 - i. Disassemble the inline filter and clean out the SS strainer.
 - ii. Check for foreign objects plugging the tubing inlet.
 - e. Cartridge filter elements plugged.
 - i. Change the filter element.
 - f. Pump gears are worn or damaged. For normal operations when using the inline filter, the operator will be aware that the system will need to have progressively faster RPM's to maintain set flow rates. The gears can become damaged at any point if precautions are not followed with inline prefilters installed. The MicroPump Service Kit S/K G132/G152, MicroPump PN 83206 is required when doing any work on the pump head. Follow the service kit instructions for replacement of any pump components.
 - i. Gear replacement can be done by simply removing the three screws securing the top of the pump head. The gears are just pulled out and replaced the same way. Replace the Teflon gasket.
 - ii. Inspect the top and bottom SS surfaces for any excessive wear.
 - iii. Once the replacement gears are installed check for any excessive free play on the shafts. If this is discovered, then the bushings need to be replaced. This will likely involve some disassembly of the pump head from the motor and is not easily done in the field.
2. Rate Meter Totalizer Display:
 - a. Flow rate/Totalizer readings are incorrect.
 - i. The rate meter has been programmed with incorrect coefficients. Set the Rate Meter/Totalizer to program mode. Check the coefficients provided with the system as delivered. Refer to the McMillian Model 220 Operating Manual for setup procedures. There is a software program provided to calculate the coefficient settings.
 - ii. A new flow meter has been installed without the new coefficients being programmed. Refer to step 2-a-i.
 - iii. The flow meter is defective. Replace the unit with a McMillian 101-8T.
 - iv. Check that signal and power cables are all connected to the flow meter in the pump box and power supply. Same goes for the external Rate Meter/Totalizer.

- v. The flow meter is not getting 12VDC power. With a volt meter check the power supply for 12 VDC when the system is powered. CAUTION should be observed when using probes on the power supply as 110 VAC is exposed in this area.
- vi. If there is no display on the Rate Meter/Totalizer then the lithium battery in this unit must be replaced.
- b. Want different Rate Meter Totalizer Display Units .
 - i. Following the instructions as directed by the McMillan Model 220 Digital Rate Meter and Totalizer Operating Manual, the operator can reprogram these default display values to other units and time bases. To accomplish this the operator needs to activate the Rate Meter programming switch located in the pump enclosure. Once the Rate Meter is in “program mode”, other coefficients and configuration setting can be set to change the display output.
 - ii. If a new flow meter has been installed, then the new calibrated flow meter coefficients need to be programmed into the rate meter. Use the software provided from McMillan to calculate the coefficients and unit/rate display output.